Ideas for the Intermediate Class

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tic-tac-toe

The activities can be adapted to various grade levels, and can be expanded to include the other three basic operations of subtraction, multiplication, and division, as well as fractions. I hope that at least one of these activities is enjoyed by you and your class.

Equipment:

- strips of masking tape on the floor to make a tic-tac-toe game with spaces large enough for a pupil to stand in.
- a pile of flashcards, placed face down, with appropriate equations:

 $(17 + 8 = __; 9 + __ = 18, and so on)$

3. a way of marking five pupils as "O" and five pupils as "X" (cards pinned to shirt or hat; "O" pupils stand, "X" pupils sit, and so on)

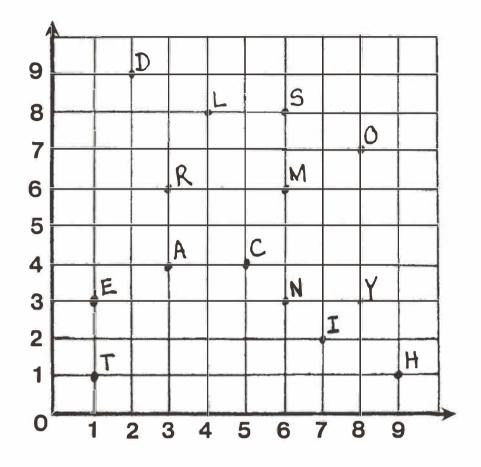
Directions:

- 1. Decide which team starts.
- 2. First member of starting team picks top flashcard, answers questions, and, if answer is correct, the pupil chooses a spot on the tic-tac-toe game. If the answer is incorrect, the pupil does not choose a spot, and he goes to the end of his team. This pupil could keep the flashcard to memorize.
- 3. First member of the second team does the same as described in number 2.
- 4. Game continues until a team forms a straight line of three "O's" or three "X's" as in a regular game of tic-tac-toe.

Careful:

Make sure the pupils know how to play tic-tac-toe.

A Backwards Graph



This is a backwards graph. Once you find a word, turn it around.

Example: <u>M A E T</u>

TEAM

(8,3) (4,8) (6,3) (8,7) (6,8) (6,3) (3,4) (7,2) (1,1) (3,6) (3,4) (6,6) (6,3) (3,4) (5,4) (2,9) (3,4) (1,3) (3,6) (6,8) (7,2) (9,1) (1,1).Answer: Only Martians can read this.

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Rounding to the Nearest Hundred

If "hundred's" place is:

l - color the space red	4 - color brown	7 – color black
2 - color blue	5 – color yellow	8 - color purple
3 - color green	6 - color orange	0 - don't color

